

Company registration number: **999955**

ROI FRS 105 Demo Client
UNAUDITED ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
for the year ended 31 December 2017

ROI FRS 105 Demo Client

Balance Sheet

31 December 2017

	2017	2016
	€	€
Fixed assets	216,124	222,350
Current assets	261,384	176,738
Prepayments and accrued income	1,000	500
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	(30,676)	(29,750)
Net current assets	231,708	147,488
Total assets less current liabilities	447,832	369,838
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	(210,000)	(165,200)
Provisions for liabilities	(1,260)	1,260
Accruals and deferred income	-	(1,500)
Net assets	236,572	204,398
Capital and reserves	236,572	204,398

We, as directors of ROI FRS 105 Demo Client state that:

- (a) the company is availing itself of the exemption provided for by Chapter 15 of Part 6 of the Companies Act 2014;
- (b) the company is availing itself of the exemption on the grounds that section 358 of the Companies Act 2014 is complied with;
- (c) no notice under subsection (1) of section 334 has, in accordance with subsection (2) of that section, been served on the company; and
- (d) We acknowledge the obligations of the company under the Companies Act 2014, to keep adequate accounting records and prepare financial statements which give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company at the end of its financial year and of its profit or loss for such a year and to otherwise comply with the provisions of Companies Act 2014 relating to financial statements so far as they are applicable to the company.

We, as directors of ROI FRS 105 Demo Client state that we have relied on the specified exemption contained in section 352 of the Companies Act 2014 on the grounds that the company is entitled to the benefit of that exemption as a micro company and confirm that the abridged financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with section 353 of the Companies Act 2014.

ROI FRS 105 Demo Client

Balance Sheet (continued)

31 December 2017

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the micro companies regime.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 30 May 2018, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr Alan Arnold

Director

Mrs Brenda Black

Director

Company registration number: 999955

ROI FRS 105 Demo Client

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 31 December 2017

1 General information

ROI FRS 105 Demo Client is a private company limited by shares and is registered in the Republic of Ireland. The company registration number is 999955 and the address of the registered office is 16 Menzie Street, Strabane, Donegal, Ireland.

2 Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with FRS 105, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable to the Micro-entities regime'.

3 Accounting policies

BASIS OF PREPARATION

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost basis.

The financial statements are prepared in euro, which is the functional currency of the company.

TURNOVER

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer, usually on despatch of the goods; the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

TAXATION

Tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to be paid or recovered using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. Deferred taxation is not recognised.

GOODWILL

Goodwill arises on business combinations and represents the excess of cost of the acquisition over the company's interest in the net amount of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the acquired business.

Goodwill is initially recorded at cost, and is subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. It is amortised on a straight-line basis over the useful economic life of the asset. Where a reliable estimate of the useful life of goodwill cannot be made, the life is presumed not to exceed ten years.

INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Intangible assets are initially measured at cost, and are subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses.

ROI FRS 105 Demo Client

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2017

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Goodwill	25% straight line
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TANGIBLE ASSETS

Tangible assets are initially measured at cost, and are subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Land and buildings	Straight line over 40 years
Plant and machinery	25% straight line
Fixtures and fittings	25% straight line

IMPAIRMENT

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

STOCKS

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial instruments are initially recognised at cost, which is the transaction price.

Investments in shares, subsidiaries or participating interests are subsequently measured at cost less impairment.

Derivatives are subsequently measured at the cost plus any transaction costs not immediately recognised in profit or loss less any impairment losses recognised to date. This is allocated to profit or loss over the term of the contract on a straight-line basis, unless another systematic basis of allocation is more appropriate.

ROI FRS 105 Demo Client

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2017

Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at the cost plus any transaction costs not immediately recognised in profit or loss, plus accumulated interest income or expense recognised to date, less all repayments of principal or interest to date, less impairment.

Financial assets are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately.

PROVISION FOR LIABILITIES

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event; it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the balance sheet and the amount of the provision as an expense.

Provisions are initially measured at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and subsequently reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the amount that would be required to settle the obligation. Any adjustments to the amounts previously recognised are recognised in profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of the cost of an asset. When a provision is measured at the present value of the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation, the unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period it arises.

DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PENSION PLAN

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund.

When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

4 Fixed asset impairments and reversals

Included within value adjustments and other amounts written off is an impairment of € 1,026 (2016: € Nil) in relation to tangible assets.

5 Assets or liabilities relating to more than one item on the balance sheet

The company has a bank loan is included in both the balance sheet as follows:

Creditors: amounts falling due within one year € 10,000 (2016: € 12,000)

Creditors: amounts falling due within one year € 40,000 (2016: € 45,000)

ROI FRS 105 Demo Client

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2017

6 Directors' transactions

	2017	2016
	€	€
At start of year	10,000	10,000
Advances made	3,000	-
Amounts repaid	(1,000)	-
At end of year	<u>12,000</u>	<u>10,000</u>

The value of loan arrangements expressed as a percentage of net assets was as follows:

	2017	2016
	%	%
At start of year	3	2
At end of year	<u>4</u>	<u>3</u>

7 Guarantees and other financial commitments

The company has capital commitment on Plant, machinery and equipment of €31,500) (2016: €27,500).

No securities have been given in respect of the above.

8 Appropriation of profit and loss account

	2017	2016
	€	€
At start of year	199,658	91,680
Profit for the financial year	136,814	127,618
Dividends paid	(100,000)	(15,000)
At end of year	<u>236,472</u>	<u>204,298</u>